

WATCH  
Your Label  
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Paid Up.

# The Lancaster News.

WEATHER  
FORECAST  
Showers Tues-  
day; Wednesday  
partly cloudy.

VOL. 10, NO. 104, SEMI-WEEKLY.

LANCASTER, S. C. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1915.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

## CONTROL OF POLICE TAKEN FROM MAYOR

Columbia City Council Places  
Department in Charge of  
Councilman DuPre.

### NO MORE FINES REMITTED.

Council and Citizens' Committee to  
Discuss Charges Against the  
Mayor Today.

Columbia Special to Charleston News and Courier, Oct. 4.—The police department was today taken from Mayor L. A. Griffith and placed under Councilman E. M. DuPre by the city council in executive session in a meeting which lasted over an hour. The change is effective immediately. The resolution calling for the change was introduced by Councilman C. M. Asbill and adopted by a vote of 3 to 2, the affirmative votes being cast by Councilman C. M. Asbill, E. M. DuPre and M. M. Rice. Mayor L. A. Griffith and Councilman R. C. Keenan voted against the resolution.

The mayor was placed in charge of the electrical department and chosen a member of the city school board. City council will hold a special meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of "conferring with the citizens' committee relative to the charges against the mayor of disorderly conduct on September 18", according to the resolution calling for the meeting, which was introduced by Councilman DuPre and unanimously adopted at a meeting of that body this morning.

#### TEXT OF RESOLUTION.

The resolution changing control of the police department in its entirety follows:

"Resolved: Whereas, in the judgment of council it is necessary to the interest of the city of Columbia, and especially to the police department thereof, that a change be made in the councilmen superintending of said department; therefore be it resolved That Ernest E. DuPre be, and is hereby, assigned to the council superintendency of the police department in the place of L. A. Griffith, to take effect immediately."

Mr. Asbill moved that "L. A. Griffith be elected a member of the city school board and assigned the electrical department in the place of E. M. DuPre," read the minutes of the city clerk, G. F. Cooper. The minutes also record that Councilman DuPre said he wanted the question settled, and not that he wanted the police department. This was ascribed as his reason for favoring the change. None of the other councilmen are quoted in the minutes.

The minutes of the meeting state briefly that the reason for the vote of the mayor and Mr. Keenan against the change of the council head of the police department is that the mayor is to be investigated by the citizens committee and that the resolution is premature.

Mayor Griffith had no comment to make on the action of council.

### How the World's Series of Games Will Be Played.

New York, Oct. 2.—The national commission, meeting today, decided that the first game of the world series will be played Friday, October 8, and the second game October 9 at Philadelphia, the third and fourth at Boston, October 11 and 12, the fifth in Philadelphia, October 13, the sixth in Boston, October 14, the seventh, if necessary, will be played October 15. The place will be chosen by the toss of a coin.

Umpires selected are: Kelm and Rigger for the National; Evans and O'Loughlin for the American. J. G. T. Spink is to represent the National commission among the scorers. Baseball writers are selecting the remainder.

#### Running Fight Near La Feria.

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 3.—The United States cavalry patrol and a half-dozen Mexicans had a running fight today near La Feria, about 30 miles up the Rio Grande. The Mexicans tried to ambush the Americans but failed. There were no known casualties on either side.

## THE ENGLISH PRESS IS LESS CRITICAL

London Newspapers Cease Com-  
plaining About Terms of Loan  
and Give Praise.

London, Oct. 4.—London newspapers, which at first were inclined to complain at the terms on which the Anglo-French loan was being raised in the United States are now less critical, pointing out that the great demand for the loan already reported from America has a definite moral effect.

"It shows as nothing else could, not only that Americans want us to win, but also that they believe we shall win," says The Daily Mail.

"It now is being explained that conditions here and in the United States are different; that money commanded a higher price in America, that American underwriting syndicates are accustomed to large and even ultra-liberal commissions and that a country as large as the United States calls for higher advertising costs and distribution expenses."

In short, the bargain is regarded as being a better one on being studied more closely.

The Times, which criticized the terms last week, now says: "We are not sure what a British syndicate would expect for spreading a loan of \$500,000,000 for the United States among investors all over Europe—a geographical area no larger than that which the American syndicate has to care for."

It is expected there will be some discussion of the terms of the loan in Parliament, but the more favorable attitude of the London press is regarded as significant.

## S. C. 44,724 REDUCTION IN COTTON GINNED

Whole Belt Has 493,745 Less Bales  
Than Up to September 25, 1914.

Sea Island Crop Increases.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—The second cotton ginning report of the season, compiled from reports of census bureau correspondents and agents throughout the cotton belt and issued at 10 a. m. today, announced that 29,000,007 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, of the growth of 1915, has been ginned prior to September 25. This compared with 3,393,752 bales, or 21.3 per cent of the entire crop, ginned prior to September 25 last year, 3,246,655 bales, or 23.2 per cent in 1912 and 3,007,271 bales, or 22.3 per cent in 1911.

Included in the ginning were 32,263 round bales, compared with 3,394 last year, 26,933 in 1913 and 19,574 in 1912.

Sea Island cotton included numbered 19,094 bales, compared with 13,297 bales to September 25 last year, 10,570 bales in 1913, and 3,051 bales in 1912.

Ginning in South Carolina prior to September 25, with comparisons for the last three years and the percentage of the entire crop ginned prior to that date in the same years follows:

	Bales	P. C.
1915.....	259,070	
1914.....	302,794	19.5
1913.....	193,318	13.6
1912.....	174,251	14.2

#### BLIND TIGERS CAPTURED.

Thirty-Nine True Bills Returned in  
Charleston.

Columbia, Oct. 2.—As evidence of the effective work being done by the special constables sent to Charleston by Governor Manning for the purpose of enforcing the liquor laws, it is noted with a great deal of interest here that the Charleston county grand jury this week returned thirty-nine true bills out of forty indictments handed them by the acting solicitor, William H. Grimbail, Esq. Judge M. L. Smith is presiding and his forceful, manly charge to the grand jury on the question of law enforcement brought forth many complimentary remarks from law-abiding citizens all over the state. Governor Manning is deeply gratified that the work he is attempting to do is beginning to bring forth such good results. Law enforcement and good citizenship go hand in hand.

#### Governor Calls Staff.

Columbia, Oct. 2.—Governor Manning today issued a call for his military staff to meet in Columbia October 26 to take part in the military parade incident to the Harvest Jubilee.

## BARNWELL'S LIQUOR GOES UP IN SMOKE

Dispensary and Opera House,  
in Same Building, Destroyed  
in \$30,000 Blaze.

### WAS PARTIALLY INSURED.

Liquor Alone to the Value of Twenty-  
Three Thousand Dollars  
Consumed.

Barnwell Special to Charleston News and Courier, Oct. 2.—A fire with the loss totalling around \$30,000 hit Barnwell about 11 o'clock tonight and made the most spectacular blaze in the history of the town.

One building was destroyed. It contained the opera house, the county dispensary and the dispensary bottling plant. The whole thing is a total loss. The value of the liquors destroyed, at consumers' prices, was stated to be about \$23,000, with insurance of \$8,000. The building was valued at \$6,000 and was insured for \$5,000.

The fire started in the bottling plant, supposedly from defective electric wiring. This town has water-works, but tonight the pressure was so slight that there was absolutely no protection. The fire simply burned itself out.

Close to the burning building was the Baptist church, and at times it seemed likely that sparks would ignite it, but fortunately only the one building was a prey to the flames. Smoke poured from the burning structure fully twenty minutes before a blaze was seen. Nearly everybody in town was as near the scene of the blaze as the intense heat would allow them to get.

#### VIRGINIA DEFEATS YALE.

Downs Old Eli Eleven in the "Bowl"  
10 to 0.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 2.—Yale football stock took an unexpected drop today, when University of Virginia's clever and well balanced eleven won a 10 to 0 victory in the bowl. The visitors did not score until the final period. Capt. Wilson and Guernsey of Yale fumbled a lateral pass near the Blue's goal line and T. Coleman fell on the ball for a touchdown, from which goal was kicked. A few minutes later Thurman, standing on the 40-yard line and with a stiff wind to aid him booted the ball between the uprights for a field goal.

Yale threatened to score only once and that was in the first quarter. Yale had made an impressive rush up the field for fifty yards. Virginia braced, and Guernsey attempted a field goal from the 25-yard line, but the kick went wide. Yale was outplayed, offensively and defensively. The Virginians had no difficulty in solving the Blue's passing game, while the Yale attacks lacked coherence and versatility.

The work of the Yale line was extremely crude at times, but it braced at critical junctures. Neither team was able to gain consistently, so the game resolved itself into a punting duel.

Virginia gained from 15 to 20 yards in the exchanges. The visitors' ends covered the kicks well, while Berkeley frequently eluded the Blue ends for substantial gains.

#### TO PRESERVE PEACE.

Adjutant General and 48 Guardsmen  
Go to Clifton, Ariz.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 3.—Adjutant General Harris and 48 militiamen tonight started for Clifton, Ariz., to preserve peace in a strike of copper miners.

The militiamen were ordered to Clifton by Governor Hunt on receipt of an appeal from Sheriff Cash who said he feared the situation was beyond his control.

#### Hungarian War Loan.

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, Oct. 3.—The forthcoming Hungarian war loan, according to the Overseas News Agency, will bear six per cent interest and will be issued at 97½. It will be redeemable in 1921.

## GERMANY'S REPLY AS TO ARABIC UNSATISFACTORY

President Wilson and Secretary  
Lansing Confer But No An-  
nouncement is Made.

### ARE NOT ARBITRABLE.

American Lives Not a Question for  
The Hague is Stand Taken by  
President Wilson.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Germany has failed to satisfy the request of the United States that the sinking of the Arabic with a loss of American lives will be disavowed and liability for the act assumed by the Imperial Government. This became known after a conference tonight between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing at which the latter submitted a note given him yesterday in New York by Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador.

No announcement was made after the White House conference. Secretary Lansing declined to say what the next step would be, but it was learned later the German ambassador would be asked to come to Washington soon to receive the view which the American government takes of the last German note. Count Von Bernstorff is fully authorized by his government to conduct the submarine negotiations.

While the situation has improved to the extent that there is no danger of an immediate break in diplomatic relations, as the note affords an opportunity for further negotiation, it was stated reliably that final refusal by Germany to meet the American viewpoint on the Arabic case might bring about the threatened rupture in diplomatic relations.

Just what the details are on which the two governments are in conflict was not definitely known tonight.

#### COMMANDER ERRED.

In general, it was learned that Germany after examining the evidence submitted by the United States, came to the conclusion that her submarine commander erred in assuming that the Arabic was intent on ramming the German submarine when steering to rescue the passengers on the British steamer Dunsley. This admission of a mistake would amount to a disavowal of the act, but the United States has insisted that disavowal must be accompanied by an assumption of responsibility and liability, and that full reparation must be given for American lives lost. Germany in her first note indicated that even if the German commander made a mistake, the Imperial government would not feel obligated to pay damages, but was willing to submit to arbitration the question of whether under the circumstances the German commander did make an honest mistake thus leaving it to an arbitral tribunal to decide what liability, if any, was thereby incurred.

#### LIVES NOT ARBITRABLE.

President Wilson has taken the position that the United States cannot arbitrate questions involving the loss of American lives and it is believed that in the next step the Washington government will indicate that the only matter it can submit to arbitration is the amount of the damages to be paid after the question of liability already is admitted.

The fact that the negotiations are being conducted without publication of the texts of the notes, messages or memoranda that are passing between the two governments is considered by high officials an important factor, for it permits of frank discussion of the points at issue.

There were rumors today that Count Von Bernstorff was preparing to supplement the note he left with Secretary Lansing yesterday if he found that did not satisfy the American government. This could not be confirmed here on account of the absence of the ambassador.

The Arabic case has completely subordinated other cases that previously had arisen between the United States and Germany over submarine warfare, and it has been known to Germany that the American government is looking upon the Arabic negotiations as a test good faith.

## BULGARIA TIED HAND AND FOOT

Petrograd Has No Idea That Dem-  
ands of Quadruple Entente  
Will be Complied With.

London, Oct. 4.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegraph Company from Petrograd says:

"Opinion in high quarters here is that the Bulgarian government is so tied hand and foot by Germany and Austria that there is little or no likelihood of Bulgaria's compliance with the demands of the allies. The latest news received from Sofia is that the German Colonel Von Tarlow has been appointed commander at the Konak (the royal residence) with German and Austrian aides.

"Premier Radoslavoff's residence is under the surveillance of German secret agents, with a view to the possibility of the Premier vacillating at the last moment. All the orders of the Bulgarian war ministry are submitted for the sanction of German and Austrian officers. The German and Austrian legations are described as having been transformed into fortresses, as a precaution against possible disorders by opponents of the government's policy.

"Two German journalists recommended by the German minister are co-operating with the Germanophile head of the press bureau in the foreign office."

## CASE OF COLUMBIA MAYOR NOT DECIDED

Large Crowd Was Present Friday  
Night at the Trial of the Capital  
City Official.

Columbia, Oct. 2.—The arm of the law was invoked and the light of investigation through a public meeting of city council was demanded in two resolutions adopted unanimously by a meeting of citizens of Columbia, who last night packed the Richland county court house and filled the steps and sidewalks in front. The meeting was called by Richard J. Pearson, who in a recent placard invited the qualified electors of Columbia to meet and "consider charges against the official conduct of the mayor of Columbia."

An effort, which was decidedly unsuccessful, was made to table the resolution requesting the chief of police to docket a charge of disorderly conduct against Mayor Griffith. After the failure of this motion the resolution carried, with only two "nos" being heard. The second resolution calling for the public meeting of council was passed without a dissenting voice. The action was cheered and applauded at length.

The meeting was adjourned at 9:40 o'clock.

Mayor Lewis A. Griffith made the following statement after the meeting last night:

"I have no statement whatever to make at the present time, as I deem it unnecessary. However, there are on file in my office affidavits and other records which I do not care to have published at present, but which any citizen of the city of Columbia who desires to do so, may see and read. If, however, necessary, I am thoroughly prepared to defend both the honor of the city of Columbia and its present administration and my personal honor from any attack or attacks that may be made against either from any responsible source. I requested my friends not to represent me at the meeting last night."

#### Thousands March on Serbia.

Bucharest, Oct. 1, via London, Oct. 4.—Delayed in transmission: Two hundred and fifty thousand Austro-German troops with 2,000 guns mostly withdrawn from the eastern front already have arrived on the Serbian frontier and preparations for an attack are being hurried forward under the direct supervision of Field Marshal Von Mackensen, who has established his headquarters at Versecz, says the correspondent of the Epoca.

#### Chicago Cartoonist Falls to Death.

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Stewart W. Carothers, of The Chicago Herald, fell to his death from a fifth story window of a downtown hotel early today. Two of his companions said he was sitting in the window, seeking relief from a headache when they retired. It is believed that he lost his balance. His mother, Mrs. Nell Carothers, lives in Fayetteville, Ark. He was unmarried.

## MAROONERS SOUGHT IN STORM DISTRICT

Scores of Relief Vessels Plying  
Along the Mississippi and  
Louisiana Coasts.

### LIST OF DEAD REMAINS 202.

Conditions in the City of New  
Orleans Being Rapidly  
Improved.

New Orleans, Oct. 3.—Scores of relief vessels, dispatched almost to every point along the Louisiana and Mississippi Gulf coasts today, were searching all sections of the storm-stricken district where hundreds of persons were reported marooned and without food as a result of Wednesday's hurricane. The list of known dead still stood at 202 early tonight. None of the relief vessels sent to the more remote points throughout the devastated area has reported. Navigation was believed to be difficult in many places because of the numerous quantities of debris floating in the bayous and bays, and it is known here that in some sections the vessels can operate only in daylight. Refugees are arriving on every boat bringing with them stories of hardship and suffering. In nearly every instance they were being landed with no belongings other than the clothes they wore. Most of them were penniless.

None of the 183 persons reported dead had been accounted for, and it was feared that many of them must be included in the number of casualties. Of the 117 persons known to have been missing Saturday several had arrived at various points and others had reported their safety by messenger. The total death list will be well above 300 the authorities believe.

Committees in charge of the rescue work are still sending out vessels with supplies as rapidly as boats could be obtained, and it has been arranged to forward large quantities of food to supply stations throughout the stricken area. The first of these shipments will leave here Monday morning.

Conditions in New Orleans are being improved rapidly. Public service corporations and municipal departments have employed hundreds of extra laborers and the workmen operating both day and night, are bringing order out of chaos. Telephones in many sections of the city, which had been useless since Wednesday, were operating today, and light service was resumed in several districts. Trolley service in the western part of the city, which had been flooded, was resumed on several lines, but there still remain some quarters where small boats and skiffs form the only means of transportation. The waters are receding, however, and it is expected the streets will be cleared within the next two or three days.

Telegraph and telephone companies today had succeeded in running nearly a score of wires into New Orleans from points where uninterrupted communication had been maintained through the storm. The cotton and other exchanges, which ceased operations Wednesday when telegraphic communication with the outside world was interrupted, will resume trading tomorrow, it was said.

The Louisville & Nashville and the Queen & Crescent railways operated their first trains east tonight, the Louisville & Nashville using the New Orleans & Northeastern tracks to Hattiesburg and the Gulf and Ship Island to Gulfport, where it reaches its own main line.

#### Wilson Prayed With Cabinet.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 2.—How President Wilson knelt and led the cabinet in prayer at the recent meeting was told here yesterday by Bishop William F. Anderson of Cincinnati at a session of the Indiana Methodist Episcopal conference. A United States senator told the bishop, he said. The senator heard it from a cabinet member.

The conference later sent President Wilson a telegram expressing confidence.